[THURSDAY, JULY 14, 1768.] THE [NUMB. 1332.]

NEW-YORK OR, GENERAL JOURNAL; THE ADVERTISER.

Containing the freshest ADVICES, *both* FOREIGN *and* DOMESTICK.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY JOHN HOLT, NEAR THE EXCHANGE.

ASSIZE of BREAD, publiſhed May 12, 1768.
Flour at 19/3 per Ct.

A White Loaf of the fineſt Flour, to weigh 1 lb. 10 oz. for 4 Coppers.——Ditto, of Dit. to weigh 12½ oz. for 2 Coppers.

HIGH-WATER at NEW-YORK, and SUN's RISING and SETTING, till Thurſday next.

D's	Age.	High-Water.	rises ☉ H	M.	sets ☉ H.	
THURSDAY	1	10	after 4	40	before 8	5 Laſt Quarter Thurſday 6 Afternoon.
FRIDAY	2	10	4	41	8	
SATURDAY	3	11	4	42	8	
SUNDAY	4	12	4	43	8	
MONDAY	5	1	4	44	8	
TUESDAY	6	2	4	45	8	
WEDNESDAY	7	3	4	46	8	

Days 14 Hours 40 minutes long, the 14th.

PRICE-CURRENT, in NEW-YORK.

Wheat per Buſhel	7s. 0d.	Beef per Barrel	45s. 0d.
Flour——	19s. 0d.	Pork	90s. 0d.
Brown Bread	19s. 0d.	Salt	2s. 3d.
Weſt-India Rum	3s. 0d.	Bohea Tea	4s. 3d.
New-England ditto	2s. 6d.	Chocol. per doz.	£.1 0s. 0d.
Muſcovado Sugar	5 0s.	Bees Wax	1s. 7d.
Single refin'd ditto	1s. 0d.	Nut Wood ☞	28s. 0d.
Molaſſes	1s. 1d.	Oak ditto ☞	18s. 0d

Treaſury-Office, N. York, June 22, 1768.

AS very little Notice has been taken of the Treaſurer's Requeſt of the 29th of February laſt; deſiring all Perſons indebted for Duties due to this Colony, to pay the ſame: He will therefore be under a Neceſſity of commencing Suits againſt all Perſons in Arrear, unleſs they prevent ſuch diſagreeable Steps by a ſpeedy Payment of the ſaid Duties. 30 35

JOHN BAKER,
SURGEON DENTIST,

DEPARTS this Town in 10 Days, and hopes that thoſe who doubted of the Safety of his Art, from its Novelty in this Country, are now convinced both of its Safety and Uſefulneſs.

☞ Until he leaves this Town, he continues at Mr John Watſon's, in the Houſe wherein Captain Randal, lately lived, near White-Hall Slip, where he will be ready to contribute to the utmoſt of his Power, to ſerve the Public in his Profeſſion.

His DENTIFRICE, with proper Directions for preſerving the Teeth and Gums, will be to be had at the Printing-Office at the Exchange, after he has left the Town. N B. Each Pot is ſeal'd with his Coat of Arms, as in the Margin of the Directions, to prevent Fraud.

ALL Perſons that have any Demands againſt ANDREW MYER of the City of New-York, Shop-keeper, are deſired to ſend in their Accounts in order to get them ſettled; and all Perſons that are indebted to ſaid Andrew Myer, by Bond, Note, or Book Debt, are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment,——he has upon Hand,—

A great Aſſortment of Goods,

which he will ſell for prime Coſt, or under for Caſh, as he is now declining Buſineſs; and if not ſold by the Firſt Day September next enſuing, what Remains on Hand to be ſold of at public Auction, together with ſome Houſhold Furniture, and Three Black Servants. 31 34

City of New-York, ſs.

WILLIAM Heath, and Aaron Booth, of ſaid City, Clerks to Benjamin Booth, of the ſaid City, Merchant, being duly ſworn, ſeverally make Oath and ſay. That theſe Deponents attend daily at the Store of the ſaid Benjamin Booth; and that it is a ſtanding Inſtruction to them theſe Deponents, in the Sale of Goods, not to cut ſubdivide, or otherwiſe part Pieces and Dozens by Means whereof the ſaid Benjamin Booth, hath loſt the Sale of many Goods, in order to avoid the Imputation of Retailing. And theſe Deponents further ſay, that the ſaid Benjamin Booth hath been ſo cautious in this Point, that he has always refuſed to cut Broadcloths, even when a Perſon has offered to take half a Piece

Sworn before me, the 6th Day of July 1768. } WILLIAM HEATH, AARON BOOTH.
JOHN W. SMITH, Notary Publick. 31 33

Thomas Bridgen Attwood,

INTENDING ſhortly to leave this City, deſires all Perſons who have any Demands upon him, to bring in their Accounts; and all ſuch who are indebted to him are requeſted to pay the ſame forthwith to prevent further Trouble

He has to diſpoſe of on the loweſt Terms, a freſh and general Aſſortment of Drugs and Medicines, at his Store in Broad-Street, near the General's.——Alſo a Quantity of the moſt approved Patent Medicines from the Original Ware-Houſes viz.

JAMES's powder
Frauncis's
Daffy's
Squire's
Boſtock's elixir
Hooper's Lockyer's, and Anderſon's pills
Greenough's tincture for the Tooth-ach, and for cleanſing the Teeth
Stomachic lozenges
Bloïs's lozenges
Chace's balſamic pills
Pectoral balſam of honey
Hill's tincture of valerian
Bateman's drops
Godfrey's cordial
Britiſh oil
Stoughton's bitters
Boerhaave's balſam
Turlington's balſam of life
Vitriolic æther for the head-ach
Perfumery of all kinds
Eſſence of burgamot,
- - - Lemons
- - - Lavender
- - - Roſemary
- - - Ambergriſe, &c. &c.
Oil of cinnamon
- - Nutmegs
- - Cloves
- - Rhodium, &c. &c.
Anodyne necklaces for children
Anodyne powders for ditto
Ryan's ſugar plumbs
Balſam of Gilead
Paſte for the teeth
Powder and bruſhes for ditto
Shaving boxes and bruſhes
Shaving machines
Waſh balls and boxes
Pomatum hard and ſoft
Smelling bottles of various ſorts
Eau deluce
- - Sans pareil

Simple and compound Waters.
Pepper mint
Hungary
Lavender
Roſe
Orange flower
Honey
Burgamot
Elder flower, &c.
} Water.

Court plaſter
Gold beater's ſkin
Oil caſe
Lavender, roſemary, chamomile and roſe flowers
Surgeon's, capital inſtruments
- - - Pocket ditto, plain and ſilver mounted
Lancet caſes, ſilver mounted and plain
Beſt crown lancets
Teeth inſtruments Trocars, Catheters, male and female.
Scarificators and cupping-glaſſes—crooked needles
Steel truſſes, double & ſingle
Medicine cheſts
Caſe bottles, ſpecies do. with braſs caps
Stopper bottles from two quarts to half an ounce
Wide mouth'd bottles of all ſizes
Syringes pewter and ivory
Bolus knives
Mortars, braſs, iron, and marble, fit for private Families
Small ſcales and weights
Iſinglaſs
Hartſhorn ſhavings
Sago, ſalop, vermicelli
Lint, tow, &c. &c.

Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe the whole Stock, and Fixtures, may have immediate Poſſeſſion of the Houſe and Store, which for Years has been a well frequented Shop, lying very convenient for Country Practitioners as well as Retail Buſineſs.—All poſſible Encouragement will be given to promote their Intereſt. 28—

RUN away on Thurſday laſt, the 7th Inſtant, from the Subſcriber in Hides-Town, New-Jerſey, an indented Servant Man, Robert M'Cormack, about 5 Feet 10 Inches high, about 25 Years of Age, has black Hair, and a down look; had on and took with him, an old red Duffle Great Coat, one Tow and one Check Flannel Shirt, 1 Pair of Oznaburg Trowſers, one Pair of old Shoes, and a felt Hat.

Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid Servant, giving proper Notice, ſhall have Forty Shillings Reward and all reaſonable Charges all Maſter's of Veſſels and others are warned not to carry off harbour, or conceal the ſaid Servant as they would avoid a Proſecution. (31 33) ROBERT PEARSON.

New-Jerſey, Monmouth, } BY Order of the Hon. John Anderton, and James Lawrence, Eſq; two of the judges of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas for ſaid County: Whereas Ezekiel Elliſon, Andrew Pearce and Gerſham Bullman Priſoners for Debt, in the Gaol of ſaid County did on the 28th Day of June, 1768, make Application to ſaid Judges, for the Benefit of the late Inſolvent Act entitled, "An Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors, made in the eighth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, for ſaid Purpoſe," having qualified and filed their Schedules.—Now theſe are to give Notice to the Creditors of the ſaid Debtors, that they be together at ſaid Gaol aforeſaid, on the 26th Day of July next, at ten of the Clock, to ſhew cauſe (if any they have) why the ſaid Priſoners Eſtates, ſhould not be aſſigned, and their Bodies diſcharged from their Confinement, purſuant to ſaid Act. 31 33

BY Order of the Aſſignees to the Eſtate of John Alexander and Comp. the Creditors are deſired to bring their Accounts properly atteſted, to Chriſtopher Smith, as ſoon as which is done, and the Accounts ſettled, a Dividend of what Money is in Hand will be immediate paid them. *New-York, June* 27, 1768. 30 33

BOSTON, July 4.

A MESSAGE *from the Governor to the Aſſembly.*

Gentlemen of the Houſe of Repreſentatives,

IT is now a full Week ſince I laid before you his Majeſty's Requiſition ſignified by his Secretary of State. I muſt therefore deſire you to come to a Reſolution upon it: For I cannot admit of a much longer Delay, without conſidering it as an Anſwer in the Negative. FRA. BERNARD.

Council-Chamber, June 28, 1768.

A MESSAGE *from the Aſſembly to the Governor,* June 29.

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

IN Anſwer to your Excellency's Meſſage of the 28th Inſtant, the Houſe of Repreſentatives requeſt, that your Excellency would favour this General Court with a Receſs; that they *may conſult their Conſtituents, reſpecting the Requiſition, contained in your Meſſage of the 21ſt Inſtant, in Conſequence of the Earl of Hillſborough's Letter to your Excellency.*

A MESSAGE *from the Governor to the Aſſembly.*

Gentlemen of the Houſe of Repreſentatives.

I Cannot conſiſtently with my Senſe of my Duty, prorogue or adjourn the General Court, until I have received your Anſwer to his Majeſty's Requiſition. I muſt therefore repeat my Requeſt to you to bring this Matter to a Concluſion. F. BERNARD.

Council Chamber, June 29, 1768.

On Thurſday the 30th of June, the Committee reported a Letter to the Right Honourable the Earl of Hillſborough, ſetting forth to his Lordſhip, the ſeveral Votes and Reſolutions which paſſed in the laſt Houſe of Repreſentatives, relating to the Circular Letter; and ſhewing that the whole of theſe Matters were tranſacted in the Height of the Seſſion, in a full Houſe, and by a large Majority. This letter was diſtinctly read ſeveral Times; and afterwards accepted by a Majority of *Ninety-three* out of *One Hundred and five* Members preſent, and a fair Copy was ordered to be taken for the Speaker to ſign and tranſmit to his Lordſhip aſſoon as might be.

Then it was moved that the Queſtion be put whether the Houſe will reſcind the Reſolution of the laſt Houſe, which gave Birth to their cricular Letter to the ſeveral Houſes of Repreſentatives and Burgeſſes of the other Colonies on the Continent? and paſs'd in the Negative by a Diviſion of *Ninety two* to *Seventeen.*

Hereupon the Committee reported an Anſwer to the Governor's Meſſages of the 21ſt and 24th of *June*, which was accepted by a large Majority, and is as follows.

A MESSAGE *from the Aſſembly to the Governor,* June 30, 1768.

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

THE Houſe of Repreſentatives of this his Majeſty's ancient and loyal Province of the Maſſachuſetts Bay, have with the greateſt deliberation conſidered your Meſſage of the 21ſt and 24th inſtant, with the ſeveral extracts from the letter of the Right Hon. the Earl of *Hillſborough*, his Majeſty's principal Secretary of State for North American affairs, dated the 22d of April laſt, which your Excellency has thought fit to communicate. We have alſo received a written anſwer which your Excellency was pleaſed to give the Committee of thi[s] Houſe directed to wait on you the 29th inſtant [on] a meſſage humbly requeſting a receſs, that th[e] bers might be favoured with an opportunit[y] ſult their conſtituents at this important cri[ſis] a direct and peremptory requiſition is made [by] and ſtrange conſtructure, and ſo ſtrenuou[ſly] viz. That we ſhould immediately reſcind [the] ſolution of the laſt Houſe, to tranſmit circula[r] to the other Britiſh colonies on the contin[ent] North America, barely intimating a deſire tha[t] would join in ſimilar dutiful and loyal petition[s] our moſt gracious Sovereign, for the redreſs of [the] grievances occaſioned by ſundry late acts of Parli[a]ment, calculated for the ſole purpoſe of raiſing a revenue in America. We have moſt diligently reviſed, not only the ſaid reſolution, but alſo the circu-

lar letter, written and sent in consequence thereof; and after all, they both appear to us, to be conceived in terms not only prudent and moderate in themselves, but respectful to that truly august body the Parliament of Great-Britain, and very dutiful and loyal in regard to his Majesty's sacred person, crown, and dignity; of all which we entertain sentiments of the highest reverence and most ardent affection; and should we ever depart from these sentiments, we must stand self-condemned, as unworthy the name of British subjects, descended from British ancestors, intimately allied and connected in interests and inclination with our fellow subjects the commons of Great Britain. We cannot but express our deep concern that a measure of the late House in all respects so *innocent*, in most so virtuous and laudable, and as we conceive so truly patriotic, should have been represented to *Administration* in the odious light of a party, and factious measure, and that pushed through by reverting in a thin House to, and reconsidering, what in a full Assembly had been rejected. It was and is a matter of notoriety, that more than eighty members were present at the reconsideration of the vote against the application to the other Colonies. The vote of reconsideration was obtained by a large majority. It is, or ought to be well known, that the presence of eighty members make a full House, this number being just double to that which by the royal charter of the Province is required to constitute the third branch of our colony legislature.

Your Excellency might have been very easily informed, if you was not, that the measures of the late House, in regard to the sundry Acts of the late Parliament, for the sole purpose of raising a North American revenue, were generally carried by *three to one*; and we dare appeal to your Excellency for the truth of this assertion, namely, that there were many persons in the *majority*, in all views, as respectable as the very best of the *minority*. Nay, so far from any sinister views, were the Committee of the late House appointed and directed to take into their most serious consideration the then present state of the Province, from going into any rash or precipitate measures, that they for some days actually delayed their first report, which was a letter to Mr. Agent *De Berdt*, on the candid and generous principle, that those who were reasonably presupposed to be most warmly attached to all your Excellency's measures, especially those for furthering, and *by all means enforcing* the Acts for levying a North American revenue, might be present, and a more equal contest ensue. It would be incredible, should any one assert, that your Excellency wanted a true information of all these things, which were not done or desired to be hid in a corner, but were notoriously transacted in the open light at noon day. It is to us altogether incomprehensible that we should be required on the peril of a dissolution of the Great and General Court or Assembly of this Province, to rescind a Resolution of a former House of Representatives, when 'tis evident that Resolution has no existence, but as a mere historical fact.

Your Excellency must know that the Resolution referred to, is, to speak in the language of the common law, not now "executory," but to all intents and purposes "executed." The circular letters have been sent, and many of them have been answered: These answers are now in the public papers; the public, the world must and will judge of the proposals, purposes and answers. We could as well rescind those Letters as the Resolves, and both would be equally fruitless; if by rescinding, as the word properly imports, is meant a repeal and nullifying of the Resolution referred to; But if, as is most probable, by the word rescinding is intended the passing a Vote of this House, in direct and express disapprobation of the measure above-mentioned as "illegal, inflamatory, and tending to promote unjustifiable combinations" against his Majesty's peace, crown and dignity; we must take the liberty to testify, and publickly to declare, that we take it to be the native, inherent and indefeasible right of the subject, jointly or severally, to petition the King for the redress of grievances; provided always, that the same be done in a decent, dutiful, loyal, and constitutional way, without tumult, disorder or confusion. We are also humbly, but clearly and very firmly of opinion, that the Petition of the late dutiful and loyal House to his Majesty, and their other very orderly applications for the redress of grie-nces, have had the most desirable tendencies and ef- keep mens minds in ease and in quiet, We must xcused in thinking that the people were in ently waiting for the meeting of the new , their measures, and his Majesty's plea- it is probable that they would every where waited the great event, had it not been here that the late Provincial applications s of grievances, were somehow strangely ed, and the province in consequence of mis- ation and misrepresentation, most unfortu- fallen under the Royal displeasure: And to plete this misfortune, it was not only divulged he other Colonies, but some of them actually ceived the information before it was made known ere, that the House had been accused to his Majesty, or his Ministry or fallen under the displeasure of the one, or the censure of the other.

On the whole, Sir, we will consider his most sacred Majesty under God, as our King, our best protector and common Father; and shall ever bear him true and faithful allegiance. We also regard your Excellency as the Representative of the greatest Potentate on Earth, and at all times have, so far as could consist with the important purposes of preserving Life, Liberty, and property, been most ready and willing to treat you with all that respect justly due to your high rank and station. But we are constrained to say, that we are disagreeably convinced, that your Excellency entertains not that parental regard for the welfare of the good People of this Province, which you have some times been pleased to express, and which they have at all times an irrefragable right to expect from their Governor. Your Excellency has thought fit not only to deny us a recess to consult our constituents, in regard to the present requisition, but hath assured us, in effect, that you shall take silence, at least a delay, not as usual for a consent, but for a denial. You have also thought fit to inform us that you cannot think yourself at liberty, in case of the Dissolution of this, to call another Assembly, without the express orders of his Majesty for that purpose: At the same time, your Excellency has been pleased to assure us, that you have communicated the whole of Lord Hillsborough's Letter, and your Instructions, so far as relates to the Requisition. In all this, however, we cannot find that your Excellency is more than dictated to dissolve the present Assembly, in case of a non-compliance on the part of the House. If the Votes of the House are to be controuled by the direction of a Minister, we have left us but a vain semblance of Liberty. We know it to be the just prerogative of the Crown, at pleasure, to dissolve a Parliament: We are also sensible that, consistently with the great Charter of this Province, your Excellency, when you shall think fit, with or without the Intervention of a Minister, can dissolve the Great and General Court of this Colony, and that without the least Obligation to convene another within the Year. But should it ever grow into use, for any ill-disposed Governor of the Province, by means of a mistaken or wilfully wrong state of facts, to procure orders for a Dissolution, that same Charter will be of no value.

We take this opportunity faithfully and firmly to represent to your Excellency, that the new Revenue Acts and Measures are not only disagreeable to, but in every view are deemed an insupportable burthen and grievance, with a very few exceptions, by all the Freeholders and other Inhabitants of this Jurisdiction: and we beg leave, once for all, to assure your Excellency, that those of this opinion are of no "*party or expiring faction*". They have at all times been ready to devote their lives and fortunes to his Majesty's service. Of Loyalty, this Majority could as reasonably boast as any who may happen to enjoy your Excellency's smiles. Their Reputation, Rank, and Fortune, are at least equal to those, who may have been sometime considered as the only Friends to good Government; while some of the best blood of the colony, even in two Houses of Assembly lawfully convened, and duly acting, have been openly charged with the unpardonable crime of "Oppug- "nation against the Royal Authority." We have now only to inform your Excellency, that this House have voted not to Rescind, as required, the Resolution of the last House; and that, on a Division on the Question, there were 92 Nays and 17 Yeas. In all this we have been actuated by a consci[illegible]s, and finally, a clear and determined sense of Duty to God, to our King, our Country, and to our latest Posterity: And we most ardently wish, and humbly pray, that in your future conduct your Excellency may be influenced by the same Principles.

His Excellency after receiving this last Message, prorogued the Great and General Court, to Wednesday the Third of August next, having first given his Assent to the following Bills, viz.

An Act for granting the Sum of Thirteen Hundred Pounds for the Support of his Majesty's Governor.

An Act for reviving and continuing sundry Laws that are expired or near expiring.

An Act for empowering the Assessors of the Town of Windham, in the County of Cumberland, to assess yearly for three years, next ensuing, One Penny per Acre on every of the hundred acre Lots in said Town already lotted out, and not otherwise taxed, (Ministerial and School Lands excepted.)

An Act to prevent the failure of Justice by Means of Offenders in any of his Majesty's Colonies on this Continent escaping into this Province, or from one County in this Province into another, to avoid the Punishment of their Offences.

An Act for continuing an Act, intituled, "An Act for establishing and regulating the Fees of the several Officers within this Province hereafter mentioned," made in the fifth Year of his present Majesty's Reign.

An Act for supplying the Treasury with the Sum of Eighteen Thousand Pounds.

An Act for supplying the Treasury with One Hundred Thousand Pounds, to be applied for the Redemption of Government Securities that will become due in the Year of our Lord 1769.

An Act to revive and continue an Act made in the Fifth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, intituled, "An Act for allowing necessary Supplies to the Eastern Indians, and for regulating Trade with them and preventing Abuses therein," which is near expiring, and to 10 other Bills.

After which on the first Instant, his Excellency dissolved the Assembly by Proclamation, in the following Words, viz.

A PROCLAMATION
For Dissolving the General Court.

WHEREAS the Great and General Court or Assembly of this Province, convened by His Majesty's Writs on the 25th Day of May last, now stands Prorogued to Wednesday the Third Day of August next.

IN OBEDIENCE TO HIS MAJESTY's COMMANDS signified to me by his Secretary of State, I Dissolve the said Great and General Court or Assembly; and the said Great and General Court or Assembly is accordingly Dissolved, and the Members thereof are hereby discharged from all further Attendance.

And the Sheriffs of the several Counties, their Under-Sheriffs or Deputies, and the Constables of the several Towns within the said Province are commanded to cause this Proclamation to be forthwith published and posted up within their respective Precincts.

Given at Boston the First Day of July, &c.

PHILADELPHIA, July 11.

Extract of a Letter from a travelling Gentleman.

"The distressed Situation of the Province of North-Carolina, occasioned by the Restrictions and Oppressions of the Mother Country, and the impolitic, treacherous and arbitrary Conduct of some of its own wealthy Inhabitants, who have been entrusted with the Liberties of their Country, has been productive of very great Commotions, insomuch that upwards of 1000 men assembled at one place in 48 Hours, in order to humble some of their Oppressers, which having effected, they dispersed. The People of N. Carolina, in general, have a strong Sense of Liberty, and are heartily disposed to oppose every Species of Oppression.

NEW-YORK, July 14.

On Tuesday last died at his House in this City, the Hon. WILLIAM WALTON, Esq; one of his Majesty's Council for this Province, and many Years an eminent Merchant of this City.

SIR,

SOME Butchers of this City have made a Practice in hot Weather to sell Meat on Sunday Mornings; this coming to the Knowledge of the Magistrates, they have forbid it for the Future; but that none of the Inhabitants may be disappointed, I should be obliged to you, if you would take Notice of it in your Paper, and that you are desired to advertise this Prohibition, that the Inhabitants may supply themselves the Saturday before, I am your humble Servant,

15th July, 1768. WHITEHEAD HICKS.

To be sold at public Vendue at the Merchant's Coffee-House, on Friday the 22d Day of this Instant;

THE *House and Lot of Ground wherein William Hawxhurst lives, opposite Burling's-Slip, the Lot is 18 Feet in Width and 193 Feet in Length; on the Rear of the Lot fronting Orange-Street, are two Tenements, the whole Rents for £ 115 a Year: The House is new Roofed, has a fine large Yard and Garden, with a new Pump and Cistern.*

Also to be sold at private Sale the House and six Lots of Ground wherein Jacob Cheeseman lives, next to Mr. John Dalley's, along the East River; each Lot contains in Breadth 25 Feet, and in Length 200 Feet. The Conditions may be known, by applying to JAMES CEBRA, on Rotten-Row, next to Mr. Samuel Louden's.

July 12, 1768 32 34

TO be sold, on Thursday the fifteenth day of September next, the dwelling-house of John Wright, late of Flushing, deceased, with three rooms on the lower floor, and three above stairs, with three fire-places below stairs, with a garden, kitchen, dairy house, two barns, a chair house, cow-house and barrack and a well, handy by the door, with twenty acres of good level land, part orcharding, and mowed yearly, lying within less than a mile of Flushing town landing, and also three acres and a half of good salt meadow, with eighteen square rods of up-land adjoining, lying within less than a mile from said place; and also fifteen acres and an half of good timber land; and a negro woman, and several clocks, watches, and sundry other things; the vendue to be held at the premises in Flushing. And also two houses and lots of land in New-York, being in Duke-Street, one wherein Sarah Pinto, now lives, and the other wherein the Widow Copp, now lives, almost opposite one to the other; and also one lot of land in New-York, lying near the fields, which said two tenements and lot of land, is to be sold on the premises, at public vendue, on Thursday the 30th day of October next, the vendue to begin at two o'clock in the afternoon, on said days, both in Flushing and New-York, where the conditions of sale will be seen. And also all those who are indebted to said estate, either by bond, bill, note, or book debts, are desired to come to James Buvelot, of New-York, or to John Field, jun. of Flushing, and discharge the same to prevent trouble; and likewise all those who have any just Demands against the said estate, are likewise desired to bring in their accounts, in order that they may be settled.

JAMES BUVELOT, } Executors.
JOHN FIELD, Jun, }

32 33

ALL Persons who have trusted David Litster, Servant to Major James, on the Major's Account, are desired to bring in their Accounts immediately, and they will be paid. 32 35 DAVID LITSTER.

TO BE SOLD,

A Likely Negro Fellow, about 32 Years of Age, he has been used to tend a Mason, can be well recommended for his sobriety and honesty:—Inquire of the Printer at the Exchange. 32 35

79

RANELAGH.

AT Ranelagh Garden, on Thurſday next, being the 21ſt of July, will be performed,

A

CONCERT OF VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC.

The Vocal Parts by Mr WOOLLS and Miſs WAINWRIGHT.

After which will be exhibited, by the *Italian Brothers*,

A grand Set of FIRE-WORKS,

Divided into FIVE ACTS,

To be diſpoſed in the following Order, viz.

FIRST FIRING.

1. Eight Rockets.—2. Capricious Wheel—3. Three Chineſe Fountains, with Italian Candles, and a Girandole—4. A new Piece repreſenting five Pidgeons fighting with their natural Noiſe.

SECOND FIRING.

5. Eight Rockets.—6. An Illuminated Wheel, with various Colours.—7 One Wheel with Maroons—8. One Tornant with different Fires

THIRD FIRING

9. Eight Rockets—10. One Diamond Piece in a new Taſte.—11. A curious Piece repreſenting a Flower-Pot, which will communicate Fire to a Venetian Caſcade of a new Conſtruction with twelve Changes.

FOURTH FIRING.

12. Eight Rockets.—13. A Pidgeon on a Line, which will communicate Fire to a magnificent Piece, repreſenting a grand Chineſe Portico, adorn'd with a curious Illumination of Chineſe Fountains, Diamonds, and Italian Candles; on each Side of the Parties, a large moving Illuminated Globe; in the Centre a beautiful Palm Tree, with a Tornant of Brilliant Fire, and a Piece repreſenting a Ciſtern of Water going out and coming in twelve Times.

LAST FIRING

14. A Tornant, repreſenting at ſeveral Times the Sun and Moon—15. A large ſix'd Sun of Brilliant Fire—16 The Whole to conclude with two Girandole Cheſts of Rockets.

The Concert will begin preciſely at a Quarter after Seven—and the Fire-Works, at Half an Hour after Eight.

Vivant Rex & Regina.

The very extraordinary Expence that attends ſo large an Exhibition of Fire-Works, together with the uſual Charge of the Orcheſtra, will, it is humbly preſum'd, be thought a ſufficient Reaſon for raiſing the Price of Admiſſion to Three Shillings for that Evening.

The Ladies and Gentlemen who propoſe to Sup at the Gardens, will pleaſe to give Mr. JONES, Notice of it in Time, that Rooms may be kept, and proper Proviſion prepared for their Entertainment.

It is humbly requeſted that no Perſons will throw Squibs in the Garden, at leaſt, before the Fire-Works are over; for, beſides the Terror they put the Ladies in, the Evening's Entertainment might be entirely ſpoiled by an Accident happening to one of the Pieces.

To be ſold at public Vendue, on Monday the 15th of Auguſt next, on the Premiſes;

A Farm, containing 110 Acres of Land, ſituate at Rynbeck, in Dutcheſs County, within Half a mile of Æſopus Ferry, late the Property of Iſaac Kip deceaſed, in a Neighbourhood where there is a good Market for all kind of Produce. On ſaid Farm is a good large Stone Houſe, a large Dutch Barn, a young Orchard; alſo a number of other Fruit Trees. The Land exceeds moſt all in the ſaid County for bearing all Kind of Grain, and may be made to yield 80 Loads of Hay per year chiefly clover; is well watered, and Wood ſufficient for ſaid Farm. Alſo, a Stream for either Saw or Griſt-mill, which may be built at the River. and is a public Place for either Merchant or Tradeſman, as it is the Landing for Boats from New-York. Good Security will be taken for a conſiderable Part of the Purchaſe Money. Conditions of ſale ſhall be known at the Day of Sale. 32

New-Jerſey, Morris County, ſs. IN *Purſuance of an Order made by Jacob Ford and Daniel Cooper, ſenior Eſqrs. two of the Judges of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas, in and for the County of Morris aforeſaid, in Eaſt New-Jerſey; upon the Petition of William Hayden, an inſolvent Debtor, now in actual Cuſtody in ſaid County: Notice is hereby given by the ſaid Petitioner, to all the Creditors of the ſaid Petitioner, to (ſhew Cauſe if any they have) before the ſaid Judges, or two or more Judges of ſaid Court, at Morris-Town, in the County of Morris aforeſaid, on Monday the eighth Day of Auguſt next, at ten of the Clock in the Forenoon of the ſame Day, being the Time and Place appointed by the ſaid Judges, why an Aſſignment of the ſaid Petitioner's Eſtate ſhould not be made to Perſons then and there to be appointed by the ſaid Judges; and the ſaid Petitioner be thereon diſcharged according to an Act of the Governor, Council and General Aſſembly of the Province of New-Jerſey aforeſaid, made and paſſed at Perth-Amboy in the eighth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign entitled, "An Act for the Relief of inſolvent Debtors."* 32 34

The New-York Paper Manufactory.

Ready Money for clean Linen Rags, may be had of JOHN KEATING, between the Fly-Market and Burling's-Slip.

All thoſe who have the Welfare of the Country at Heart, are deſired ſeriouſly to conſider the Importance of a Paper Manufactory to this Government and how much Good they may do it, by preſerving the Linen Rags, particularly the fine ones, which would be otherwiſe uſeleſs; their ſaving of Rags is recommended, not ſo much for the Money which they will immediately fetch (which can be but a trifle) but the Benefit which will accrue to the Public in general if the Manufactory is ſupplied with Rags, ſo as to enable us to make a ſufficient Quantity of Paper for our own Conſumption, and by this Means keep in the Province the Sums of Money, which is annually remitted for this ſingle Commodity, and when once ſent from hence, is entirely loſt to us. Whereas by manufacturing of it here, Numbers of poor People are daily employ'd, and the Money ſtill remains in a circulating State; it is therefore hop'd that all Perſons will be as careful as poſſible in ſaving that, which evidently appears will be of public Utility.

N. B. As the Paper Mill is now completed, thoſe who have Rags by them, are requeſted to bring them in, and all Perſons who wants to be ſupplied with Paper of this Manufacture, are deſired to ſend their Orders to John Keating, which ſhall be completed as faſt as poſſible.

New-York, July 1768. 32—

The VIRTUES, USES, *and Variety of* OPERATIONS, *Of the true* HELMONTIS PHILOSOPHICAL

AURUM POTABILE,

THE REAL

Quinta Eſſentia Solis:

Or, GOLDEN TINCTURE.

Which is a PREPARATION *out of the Mineral Vegetable and Animal Regions.*

THIS admirable Eſſentia, or Golden Tincture, may be ſafely as a pleaſant medicine uſed by all, whether young or old, ſick or in health, both by ſea and land, as a right univerſal. and proper on board of veſſels going to ſea, and for families to keep in their houſes, eſpecially in places, where, ſometimes, doctors are at a great diſtance, and not ſo quick to be had: Any ſuch families may give their patients relief before the doctor can come.

This Golden Tincture, taken inwardly, ſtrengtheneth and comforteth the whole humidum radicale, ſtomach, brain and all inward parts of the body; expels winds, worms, melancholy, anxieties of mind; eaſes palpitations of the heart, pain in the ſtomach, heart-burn faintneſs, in hyſterical fits, cholic or gripes in the bowels, eſpecially in young children, it is in reality a right experienced anodyne; in lethargy, that is in ſleepy diſeaſes as preter natural propenſity to ſleep, of any violent, ſudden and accute diſorder you'll find relief; it openeth obſtructions of the internal veſſels, as the liver, ſpleen, kidneys, and other parts, becauſe it warms, attenuates, incides, and evacuates the original of divers diſeaſes, as in catarrhs or deſluxions, ſtrangury, hooping-cough, vomiting, bleeding of wounds, bleeding at the noſe, applying it on a bit of ſcrap'd lint to the noſtrils, looſeneſs and bloody-flux, eſpecially for children; it cleanſeth the blood infected by the ſcurvy and other contagious diſeaſes; it preſerveth the body from internal ulcers and corruptions, creates appetite; in an aſthma it reſolves, opens the breaſt, and brings on a free breathing through the aromatic ſmell; takes away ſtinking breath; it cauſeth women that are ſubject to miſcarriages, to go their time, and being given when the time comes, it cauſeth a ſpeedy and eaſy delivery; it warms and cleanſeth the matrix and after birth; it is excellent in continual, inflammatory, intermitting and child-bed fevers; it cauſeth ſweat, and yet cureth preter-natural ſweating. In the ſmall-pox, old or young, it drives them, through a mild ſweat, out, and makes the puſtules fill. It brings great help and comfort both to male and female, in aſſiſting their fruitfulneſs, as it is a great preſerver from ſterility.

The doſe of it is from 4 to 30 drops, according to the age, you regulate the quantity on a bit of loaf ſugar; let it melt in the mouth, and gradually ſwallowed down, or give it in a glaſs of wine or cold water, but to ſmall children, give it in breaſt milk, it muſt be ſwallowed as quick as poſſible, to have its due effect, according to the ſtubbornneſs of the ſickneſs, you may with ſafety internally, ſo often as occaſion requires, but never in hot tea or elſe the volatile ſpirits and ſtrength flies away, and always the greateſt care is to be taken to keep the bottles always cloſe ſtop'd and tied up.

Externally, in the pains of the limbs from colds, violent rheumatic pains, or any part on the body, ſtiffneſs of the neck, or in ſciatica, rub the pained place about with a half ounce, or whole ounce of this Golden Tincture, at once, well in, you will find relief.

In ſevere head, tooth, and ear-ach, put about a tea-ſpoon full of this Golden Tincture in the palm of your hand, and keep your hand cloſe to the forehead, jaw or ear, for the ſpace of 6 or 7 minutes, repeat it till the pain goes off, very ſeldom is required the ſecond or third application.

This Golden Tincture ſells at 8 ſhillings the ounce, 4 ſhillings the half ounce, and 2 ſhillings the quarter of an ounce, by BENJAMIN LINDNER, practitioner in phyſick and ſurgery, living at New-York, in Smith-ſtreet, next door to Mr. John Cruger, eſq; late mayor of this city.

N. B. If this above printed ſtamp beſides my ſeal is not on each bottle, ſuch is not my own preparation. Any perſon taking a dozen will have ſome allowance.

The New-York Air Furnace Company, have for Sale at their Foundery, a large Aſſortment of the following caſt Iron Ware, which is allowed by proper Judges to be equal if not ſuperior to any made in Europe or America, viz.

POTTS, kettles, ſkillets and tea kettles, ſtew and pie pans, pot aſh kettles and coolers, ſugar boilers large kettles, uſed in the whale fiſhery, rollers for ſugar works and malt mills; forge hammers and anvils, perpetual ovens, Bath ſtoves, ſquare and round ſtoves for work-ſhops or ſhip's cabins, &c. ſhips caboofes, mill rounds and gudgeons, mortars and peſtles; iron dogs, hatters baſons, cart, waggon and chair boxes of all ſizes; half hundreds and ſmaller weights, iron bars for ſugar houſes and other uſes, girdles, large ſcrews for ſpermaceti works—large plates to cover the whole bottom of the oven, with a rim round the edge, for calcining pot aſh; fullers plates, boiling plates, figured and plain chimney backs, jamb plates, and layers agreeable to any pattern that ſhall be left at the foundery, or with GILBERT FORBES, RICHARD SMARPE, or PETER T. CURTENIUS.

N B. A black-ſmith, who underſtands his buſineſs it wanting. 32 57

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given,

That the Sale of the Lands, lying on the Mohawk River, near Anthony's Noſe, in the County of Albany lately belonging to the Eſtate of Abraham De Peyſter, Eſq; deceaſed, and now veſted in the Hands of Truſtees, by Act of General-Aſſembly, for the Uſe of the Colony of New York; is poſtponed to the firſt Day of September next, when they will peremptorily be ſold at the Houſe of Richard Cartwright, Innkeeper, in the City of Albany.

---

bed ſtunts
Strip'd damaſcus
Tammies, durants and callimancoes of all colours
Venetian poplins
Mecklins
Check'd and ſtrip'd camblets
And a large aſſortment of other handſome figur'd ſtuffs
London camblets
Ribbons a complete aſſortment
Iriſh linen
Dowlas
Quadruple Sileſias
Tandem do
Dutch, Engliſh and Scotch oznabrigs
Cambricks and plain lawn
Spotted do
Kenting handkerchiefs plain and bordered
Black and white ſilk gauze
Black taffities
Narrow do. of all colours
Beſt belladine ſewing ſilks
Tapes
London qualities
Scotch thread of all numbers
Shirt buttons
Buckram
Silk and hair buttons
Scarf twiſt do
Silk, hair and ſcarf twiſt of all colours
Callicoes, dark, purple,
Light do
Pencil do
Women's and children's fans
Black lace and trimmings
Cap do do
Black gimp and fringe
Women's ſhoes
Scotch ſnuff
Men's caſtor hats
Ditto felt do
Boys do do
Sailor's bound caps
Men's gloves
Women's gloves and mitts
Women's worſted mitts
Men's worſted hoſe
Gilt, ſilver'd and metal buttons of all ſorts
Black and colour'd women's mitts
Hoſes's and Briſtol ſhoes
Nutmegs
Sealing wax and wafers
Ink powder
Writing paper and bonnet do
Silk knee garters
Wax Necklaces
Beeds well ſorted

Nails a joint d
Cruet frames
Shoe pinchers and nippers
Shoe knives
Thumb latches
Awl blades and hafts
Cubboard locks
Cheſt do
Double ſpring do
Pad do
Splinter do
Stock do
Plain irons
Broad chiſſels
Mortice do
Boſton do
Common handſaws
Tennon do
Pannels do
Saſh do
Dovetail do
Compaſs
Beſt Whites do
Taylors thimbles
Women's do
Snuff boxes
Men's ſhoe and knee buckles
Women's do
Iron and braſs jewsharps
Horſewhips and half hunters
Iron ſcrews
braſs cocks, with and without keys
Steel ſnuffers
Snaffle bitts
Ditto bridles
Braſs chair nails
Braſs handles and eſcutchons
Ditto hinges
Ditto nobs
Warming pans
Temple and common ſpectacles
Wool cards
Six by eight and ſeven by nine glaſs
Files and raſps
Ivory and horn combs
Razors
Powder and ſhot
Fiſh hooks
Slates and pencils
Scithes and ſickles
Pewter table ſpoons
Ditto tea do
Quart bottles
Three pint do
Two quart do
Corks
Whiting in barrels
Brimſtone
Shot
With many other articles too tedious to mention. 32

Just published and to be sold at the Printing-Office at the Exchange,

THE

NATURE AND EXTENT OF PARLIAMENTARY POWER CONSIDERED,

In some Remarks upon Mr. PITT's SPEECH *in the House of Commons, previous to the Repeal of the* STAMP-ACT.

WITH AN INTRODUCTION,

Applicable to the present Situation of the COLONIES.

September, 1767.

" If there be any one so credulous as not to apprehend the " fatal Consequences of this FORMIDABLE POWER, I " cannot but wonder at that Man's Security."

DEMOSTHENES's 2d *Philipic.*

Just publish'd, and to be sold at the Printing-Office at the Exchange.

A

VINDICATION

OF

THE BISHOP OF LANDAFF's SERMON,

FROM

THE GROSS MISREPRESENTATIONS,

AND

ABUSIVE REFLECTIONS,

CONTAINED

IN Mr. WILLIAM LIVINGSTON's LETTER

TO HIS LORDSHIP:

WITH A

POSTSCRIPT, CONTAINING

Some ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS

on certain Paſſages in Dr. *Chauncy*'s REMARKS on the Biſhop of *Landaff*'s Sermon.

BY A LOVER OF TRUTH AND DECENCY.

Quid *verum* atque *curo* et rogo, et *omnis* in hoc ſum.

HORACE.

Non equidem hoc ſtudeo *bullatis* utmihi *nugis*
Pagima *turgeſcat*, dare *pondus* idonea *fumo*. PERSIUS.

FEVER POWDERS,

RECOMMENDED by the Proprietor, for the Removal of all Kinds of Fevers, as a Remedy which in a Practice of Twenty-five Years, he has never known to fail.

N. B. Sold [illegible] the above Powders may be had at the

New-York, June 30, 1768.

To the PUBLIC.

MRS. HOGAN and Mrs. GRAY, propoſe jointly to open a School for the general Education of young Ladies, and to teach Spelling, Reading, Writing, Arithmetick, and every Kind of Needle Work: And as they are determined to ſpare neither Time nor Labour to make this Undertaking of as much Utility as poſſible; they mean to teach their Scholars what they conceive to be almoſt equally neceſſary for every young Lady to know, that is, to able to make, waſh, clear and iron all the ſeveral Articles their own Head Dreſs, all their Gauzes, Lace, Muſlins, and general every Article in that Way worn by young Ladies his City; to make their own Hats and Bonnets, dreſs their s, raiſe the ſeveral Sorts of Lace, after being waſhed, and y other Things too numerous to mention here.——They e employed an Aſſiſtant to teach Writing to thoſe young es who are grown up; and beg Leave to aſſure the Public, all the Pains and Diſpatch poſſible ſhall be uſed to make Seminary complete. And as they think that in this City rade and Induſtry, almoſt every young Lady ſhould be to accommodate their own Perſons with all the neceſſary mbelliſhments of their Dreſs, without having recourſe to he more expenſive Mode of applying to and depending wholly upon others. They have taken a commodious Houſe in Wynkoop-Street, next but one to the Governor's Garden: Where they will gladly receive the Commands of thoſe who chooſe to encourage this Undertaking; they will inſtruct upon the moſt moderate Terms, and will engage to make any grown young Lady, able to do up and dreſs her own Things, in a Month. They will take in all Sorts of Gauzes, Muſlins, and Lace of every Kind, to clear in the moſt perfect Manner, and all Sorts of Needle Work, and in particular Child-bed Linen worked in the neateſt Manner, on the moſt moderate Terms.

N. B. They will take in a few Boarders, and do hope to give Satisfaction to thoſe Parents who ſhall pleaſe to put their Children under their Care

Mrs. JOHNSTON,

NOTIFIES the Public, That ſhe has removed to the large and commodious Houſe commonly called the White-Horſe, at the Sign of the Duke of Rutland, in Elizabeth-Town; where ſhe purpoſes to keep a Publick Houſe of Entertainment, and hopes the Favour of her old Cuſtomers. *June* 18, 1768. 30 33

WHEREAS MARY the Wife of Gareat Brinkerhoff of Fiſh-Kills in Dutches-County, has without any juſt Reaſon or Difference with him, but thro' the Influence of evil minded Perſons, eloped from her ſaid Huſband: I therefore hereby forewarn all Perſons that I will pay no Debt of her contracting ſince her Elopement, and deſire no Perſon will harbour, entertain, or truſt her on my Account. If ſhe gives me no further Cauſe of Diſpleaſure, and will return, ſhe will be kindly received and ſupported as before. 29 32 GAREAT BRINKERHOFF.

To all Perſons intereſted in the Lands herein after mentioned.

WHereas *a certain tract or parcel of land, with the appurtenances, ſituate, lying and being to the north of Albany, on both ſides of Hudſon's-river (beginning at the uppermoſt limits of the land, formerly bought by Gooſe Gerriſen and Philip Peterſe Schuyler, being a creek, called Teonandehowa, which is the ſouthermoſt bounds of the ſaid lands, and from thence up both ſides of the river northerly, to a creek called Deonondehowa, the land on the ſaid creek included, keeping the ſame length on the weſt ſide of the river, and ſo running eaſt and weſt into the woods, as far as the Indians' right and title to the within mentioned lands) was on the 4th day of November, in the year of our lord,* 1684, *under the great ſeal of the province of New-York, granted unto Cornelius Van Dyck, Jan Janzen Bleecker, Peter Philipſe Schuyler, Johannes Wendell, Dirck Weſſells, David Schuyler and Robert Livingſton*; And whereas *a diviſion of part of the ſaid tract of land, has been made by the ſaid original proprietors above named on the 15th day of April, Anno Domini,* 1685; and whereas alſo, *another diviſion has been made, of other part of the ſaid tract or parcel of land, on the firſt day of June, Anno Domini,* 1751; *We the ſubſcribers, being part owners of the ſaid tract or parcel of land, granted as aforeſaid, do (by virtue of a certain act of the lieutenant governor, the council, and general aſſembly of this province of New-York, paſſed on the 8th day of January, in the year of our Lord,* 1762, *entitled, " an act for the more effectual collecting of " his Majeſty's quit-rents, in the colony of New-York, and for " partition of lands in order thereto;") hereby give notice, that Peter Lanſingh, Eſq; Naning Viſſcher and Philip Van Renſſelaer, of the city of Albany, perſons not intereſted in the ſaid lands, are appointed commiſſioners to make partition of the remainder of all ſuch lands, creeks, rivers and falls of water, (as is not already divided) and comprehended in the ſaid abovementioned and deſcribed tract or parcel of land, excepting ſome part of the farm, now in poſſeſſion of John O'Farrell, with its appurtenances, ſituate at Still-Water; and that the ſaid commiſſioners will meet on the 5th day of Auguſt next enſuing the date hereof, at the houſe of Mr. Richard Cartwright, innholder, in the ſaid city of Albany; and all perſons intereſted in the ſaid lands are hereby required to attend on the day, and at the place aforeſaid, for the purpoſe abovementioned.*

Dated this 14th day of May, Anno Domini, 1768.

PHILIP SCHUYLER,
JOHN R. BLEECKER,
JOHN GLEN,
JACOB BLEECKER.

24 37

JOHN FORREST, *Taylor*;

DESIRES to inform the Public in general, that he is removed into the Houſe that Mr. iburn lately lived in, (being almoſt oppoſite to Mr. John rris Cruger's, and the Houſe that Mr. Stephen Richards rmerly lived in) where he intends to follow his Buſineſs as fore; and from his well known Ability in his Profeſſion, ubts not to give full Satisfaction to all Gentlemen who eaſe to employ him; as he intends to keep the beſt of Workmen, and ſhall take particular Care that his Work ſhall done to the Time limitted, and as well and neat as in y Part of Europe. Any Gentleman in City or Army, may ve laced Work done in any Figure or Taſte they pleaſe, the ſhorteſt Notice. 30 38

To be ſold by the ſubſcriber,

A Very commodious brick houſe and back buildings, having a good yard with a well and pump in it as alſo a ciſtern and a large ſtore houſe at the end of the lot ſituate in Queen-ſtreet, next to Mr. Peter Remſen's, and oppoſite Mr. Robert Gilbert Livingſton's, now in the tenure of Meſſrs. Imlay and Schenk, and is convenient for a merchant, doctor or an apothecary, it being a noted houſe, and very ſuitable for either; alſo another houſe in King's-ſtreet, very well ſituated for buſineſs, and joins a houſe of the hon. Wm. Smith, eſq; in which he formerly kept his office, and is oppoſite a houſe of Mr. John Troop, now in the tenure of Capt. Joſeph Jauncey: Alſo 2000 acres of a valuable tract of land, known by the name of Henderſon's patent, and are diſtinguiſhed from ſeveral others in ſaid tract, by lot No. 4, and No. 6, joining to lot No. 3, ſold ſome time ago to ten German families that are ſettled on it, and lies ſituate on the ſouth-ſide of the Mohawk's-river; about 7 or 8 miles from the German-flats, and are ſuppoſed to be equal in goodneſs to it; and 175 acres of valuable land in the county of Ulſter and townſhip of New-Windſor.—As the money is not wanted for either the houſes or land, the purchaſer may have time to pay the money, as intereſt only is wanted on it—— For terms of ſale, inquire of Capt. Peter Corne, John Imlay, Alexander Moore, and Meſſrs. Imlay and Schenk merchants, in New-York. TIESIE HENDERSON.

June 6th. 1768. 31 33

CAME to the Houſe of the Subſcriber about three Weeks ago, a Negro Lad about Sixteen Years of Age, named CATO, talks good Engliſh, ſays he came to Philadelphia from St. Croix with his Maſter, who came for his Health, and was ſent from Philadelphia to this Place, where his Maſter was to meet him; had on and has with him a blue cloſe bodied Coat with a white Lining, and a white Fuſtian Frock. It is ſuppoſed he belongs to Mr. Burnet in Philadelphia. The Owner may have him on proving his Property and paying Charges.

31 34 *July* 4th. 1768. WILLIAM SHERER.

To be ſold at public Vendue, on Monday the firſt of Auguſt next at ten o'Clock in the Morning, at the Merchant's Coffee-Houſe, the following Houſes, Lots of Ground, &c.

A HOUSE and lot of ground fronting on Burnet's-ſtreet, wherein Mr. James De Peyſter now lives.

A houſe and lot adjoining thereto, fronting on Burnet's-ſtreet, wherein Mr. Daniel Phenix now lives.

A ſtore-houſe and lot of ground, adjoining the houſe Mr. Phenix lives in, likewiſe fronting on Burnet's-ſtreet, containing in breadth in front, about 24 feet, and in depth about 100 feet.

A ſtable and lot fronting on Queen-ſtreet, adjoining to the houſe wherein the late Treaſurer lived, containing in breadth, in front, about 27 feet, and in depth about 100 feet.

A houſe and lot on Burnet's-quay, fronting the eaſt-river, wherein Mr. Thomas Doran now lives.

A houſe and lot in French church-ſtreet, next door to Mr. William Horsfield's, wherein Mr. Springall now lives.

A houſe and three lots beyond freſh-water, next door to Mr. Stout's, wherein Chriſtopher Taner now lives.

A ſtore houſe and lot in dock-ſtreet, now poſſeſſed by Mr. Theodorus Van Wyck, containing in breadth in front on dock-ſtreet, about 33 feet, and in length about 80 feet. On the rear of the ſaid lot is a ſmall tenement wherein Iſaac Brown (cooper) now lives.

A lot of ground adjoining the rear of the laſt mentioned lot, and fronting the eaſt-river, in breadth about 33 feet, in length about 80 feet.

A tract of land in the Great Patent, near Eſopus called, lot No. 1, in the diviſion of lot, No. 2, containing about 3 or 4000 acres.

A houſe and lot in Queen-ſtreet, wherein the widow of Abraham De Peyſter, Eſq; deceaſed (late Treaſurer) now lives.

A tract of land in the county of Ulſter, near the Great Pond, containing 1035 acres. 18 21

Choice Carolina PINK ROOT,

TO BE SOLD, BY

ISAAC PINTO,

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TO BE LET,

BY JAMES VAN VARCK, for one or more Years, at a very low Rent, together or ſeparate,—the Dwelling-Houſe, Bake-Houſe, and large Store-Houſe, now in the Tenure of the Widow Brower, near the Battery. 14

City of New-York, 16th June 1768.

VAUX-HALL GARDEN,

THE Subſcriber begs Leave to acquaint the *Public*, that ſince his Abſence from this City, the Houſe and Gardens, have been occupied by *Major James*, and are now in good Order; That he has provided neat Wines, and other Liquors; *Reliſhes at all Times*, and every neceſſary to accommodate his old Friends and Cuſtomers,—and ſuch Ladies, Gentlemen, and others, who may be pleaſed to favour him with their Company.

Large or ſmall Entertainments provided, in the moſt genteel Manner, on the ſhorteſt Notice.

Dinners, Suppers, &c. dreſſed at Gentlemen's own Houſes, *as heretofore*, and the utmoſt Care on all Occaſions to oblige, ſo far as in the Power of the City's

Very humble Servant,

SAMUEL FRANCIS.

N. B. Breakfaſting, Tea, Coffee, &c. Mead, Cakes, Tarts, Jellies, Sillibubs, &c. all at the loweſt Rates. 28 31

RED and white PORT, very excellent in Pipes, Hogſheads, and Quarter-Caſks, to be ſold by CHARLES NICOLL, at the White-Hall. 26.

t the Printing-Office near the Exchange, in Broad-Street, where all Sorts of Printing Care and Expedition. Advertiſements of no more Length than Breadth are inſerted for g for each Week after, and larger Advertiſements in the ſame Proportion.